

Property-Based Automated Repair of DeFi Protocols

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Definitions

Blockchain:

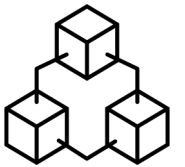
Append-only distributed database of global state

Smart Contract:

Program that can write into blockchain

Primary application:

“**De**centralized” **f**inance – banking, exchanges, *etc.*



Solidity Smart Contracts & DeFi

- **Computer programs** running on **blockchain**
- Govern billions of dollars **that can be stolen**



```
contract Token {
    mapping (address => uint256) public balances;
    string public name;
    constructor(string memory _tokenName) public payable {
        name = _tokenName;
        deposit();
    }
    deposit()
    function deposit function deposit() public payable {
        balances[msg.sender] += msg.value;
    }
    ...
}
```

DeFi Attacks

\$1.3bn lost in 2021

\$1.6bn lost in 2022H1

Common Issues

- Bad practices, common mistakes
 - Integer overflows
 - SC-specific security issues
- Detectable by static analysis



Vasily Sidorov
@bazzilic

Is this the most expensive integer overflow in history?
\$5m lost in a Pizza DeFi hack based on good ol' overflow.

halborn.com/explained-the-...

Fidelity Issues

- “**Logical**” bugs
- Especially problematic in DeFi
- **Impossible** to find using patterns

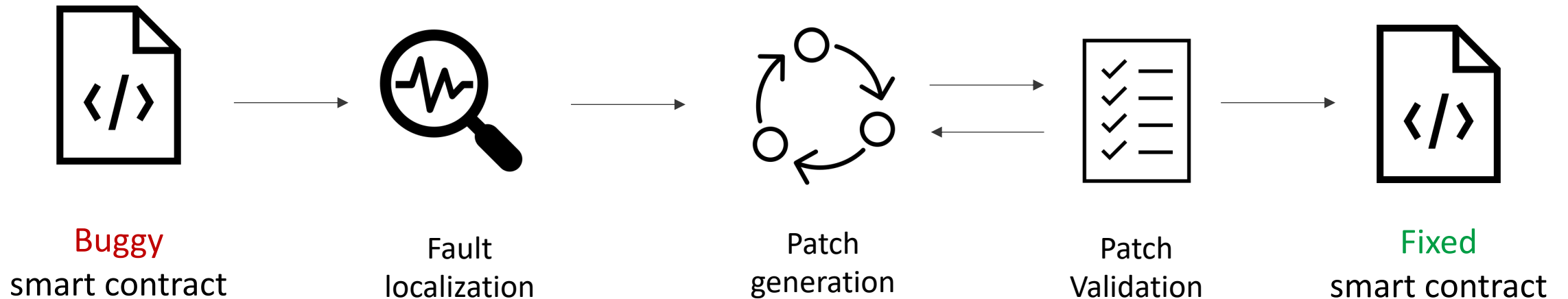


Kurt Barry
@Kurt_M_Barry

Smart contracts are unforgiving of the tiniest errors...COMP bug is a tragic case of ">" instead of ">=" (in two code locations). Two characters, tens of millions of value lost.

Automated repair of **logical issues**
in DeFi smart contracts

(Typical) Smart Contract Repair



Pattern-based vulnerability detection and patch generation
limited to a set of predefined vulnerabilities

iToken Duplication Issue (\$8M loss)

```
contract iToken ... {
    function transfer(address _from, address _to, uint256 _value)
        public returns (bool res) {
            require(_from != _to);

            uint256 _balancesFrom = balances[_from];
            uint256 _balancesTo = balances[_to];

            require(_balancesFrom >= _value);
            uint256 _balancesFromNew = _balancesFrom - _value;
            balances[_from] = _balancesFromNew;

            uint256 _balancesToNew = _balancesTo + _value;
            balances[_to] = _balancesToNew;
        }
}
```

«the sum of sender and recipient's balances before and after transfer doesn't change»

Correct Behavior



10 → 5 15
5

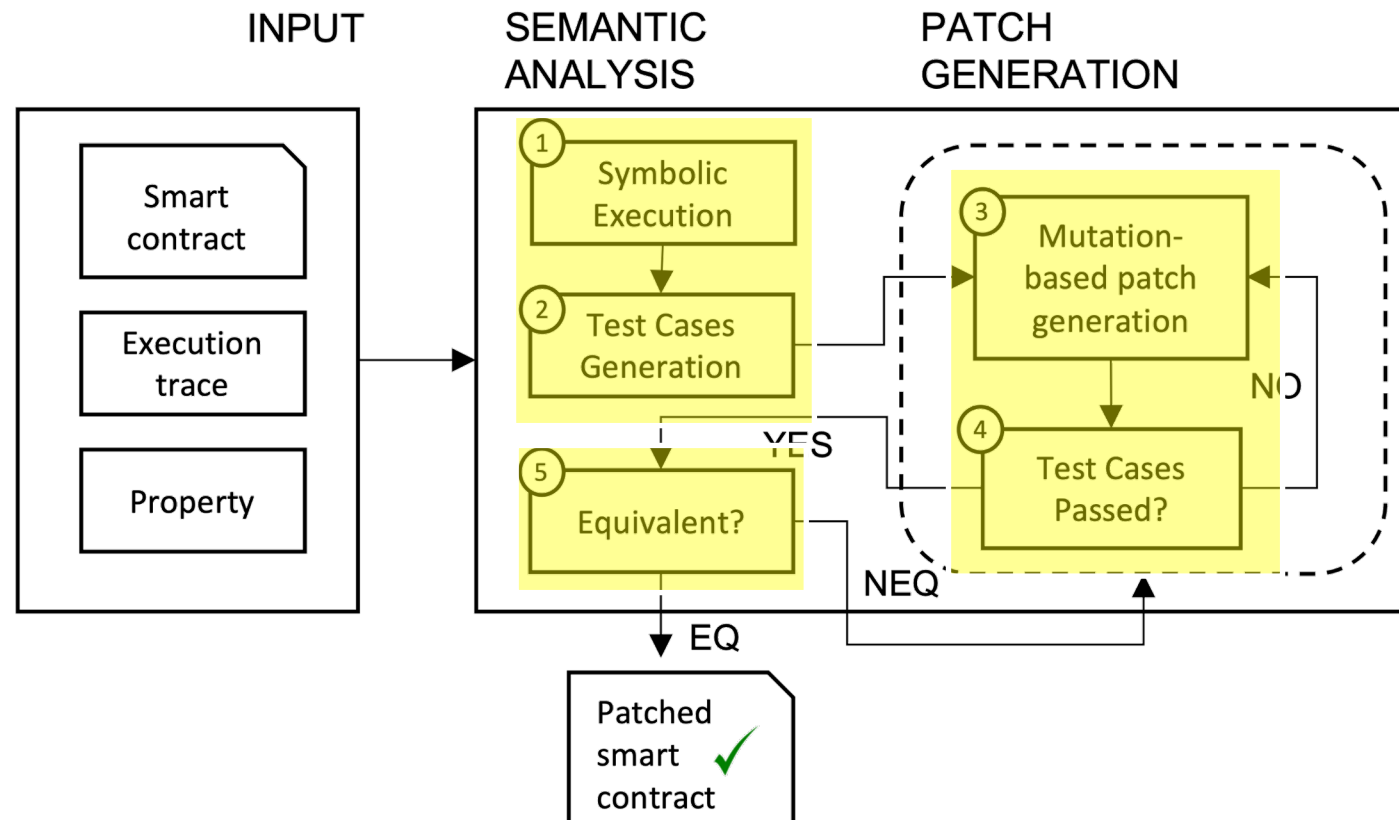
10 → 5 15

DeFinery

- Automated **property-based** repair for smart contracts
- Combining search-based patch generation with semantic inference

Symbolically executes the trace, generates valid and invalid test cases

Generates patches using AST-based mutations, evaluates the patches using test cases

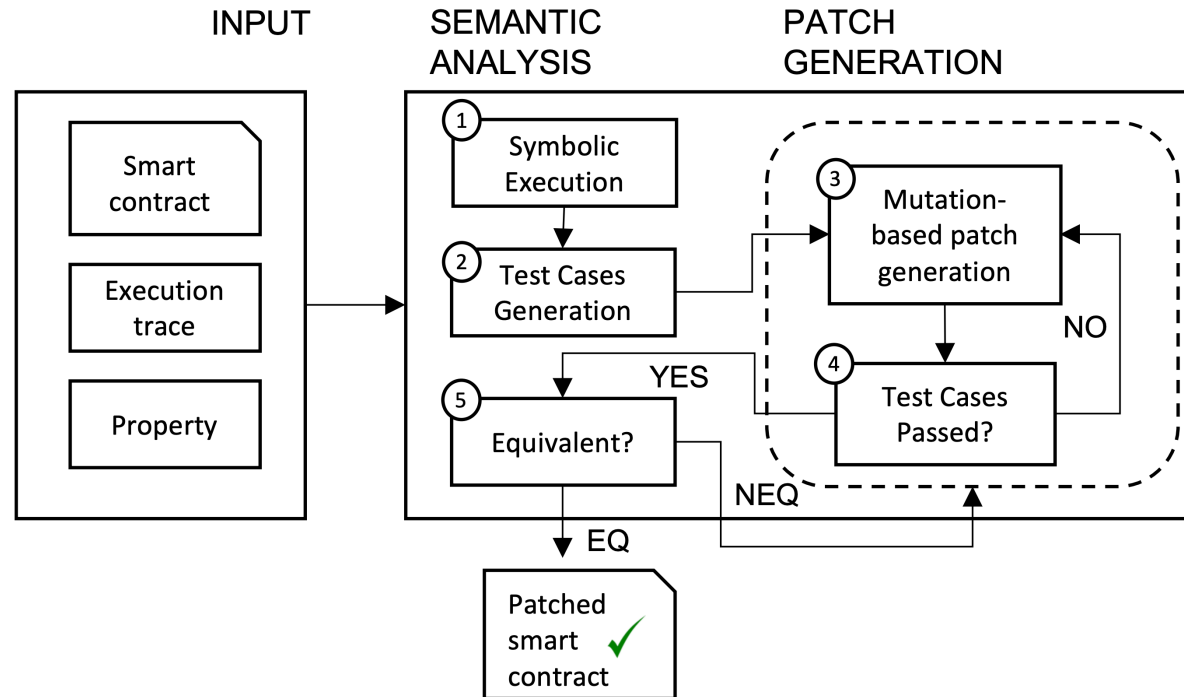


Checks conditional equivalence between original and patched smart contracts based on symbolic summaries

Evaluation

- Dataset: 9 smart contracts (5 exploited DeFi protocols , 4 from SmartBugs dataset)
- Average time: 53 seconds
- Fixes: missing pre-/postconditions and variable updates, common security issues

#	Smart Contract	Patch	Property	Result		
				DEFINERY	SGUARD	SMARTSHIELD
1	xForce	+ <code>require(result);</code>	User didn't receive xForce if he didn't provide any Force	✓	✗	✓
2	Confused_Sign	- <code>require(amt >= bal[msg.sender]);</code> + <code>require(amt <= bal[msg.sender]);</code>	User can't withdraw more than he deposited; he can receive a refund	✓	✗	✗
3	Value	+ <code>initialized = true;</code>	The staked token can't be changed	✓	✗	✗
4	Uranium	<code>require(balance0 * balance1 >=</code> - <code>_res0 * _res1 * 10**2);</code> + <code>_res0 * _res1 * 100**2);</code>	(Constant) product of pool reserves is non-decreasing	✓	✗	✗
5	Refund_NoSub	+ <code>balances[msg.sender] = 0;</code>	Sum of balances is constant; the user can receive a refund	✓	✗	✗
6	Unprotected	+ <code>require(owner == msg.sender);</code>	Owner can only be changed to a trusted address	✓	✗	✗
7	iToken	+ <code>require(_from != _to);</code>	Constant sum of balances is preserved by a <i>transfer</i>	✓	✗	✗
8	cToken	- <code>amp.transfer(borrower, amount);</code> <code>borrowBalance[borrower] += amount;</code> + <code>amp.transfer(borrower, amount);</code>	Protocol balance can't decrease	✓	✗	✗
9	EtherBank	- <code>msg.sender.call.value(amount);</code> <code>userBalances[msg.sender] = 0;</code> + <code>msg.sender.call.value(amount);</code>	User's sum of balances is constant	✓	✓	✗



Thanks!

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🐦 @liyistc

Main contributions

- Automated property-based repair for smart contracts
- Combination of semantic analysis and search-based repair
- Public repository: <https://github.com/polinatolmach/DeFinery>